

TII 2015 Annual Conference Innovating Innovation: Exploring New ways to create

Innovation addressing societal challenges – 20 years of EU innovation policy



DG Research and Innovation Singapore, 18 May 2015

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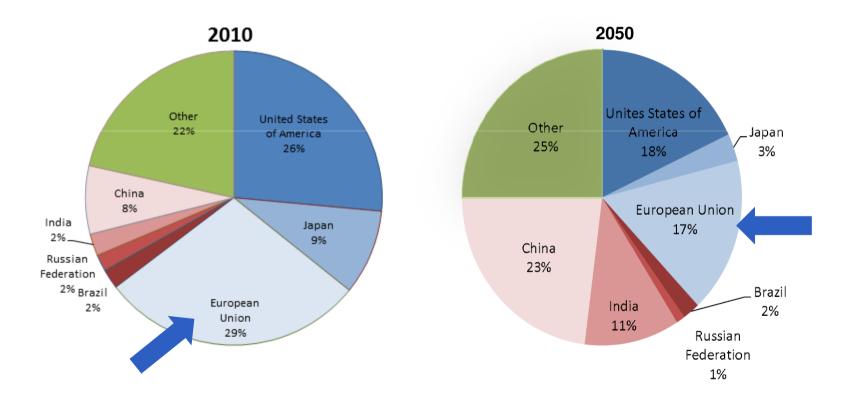


Outch!

Research and Innovation



The relative size of the EU 2010 - 2050



World GDP (constant USD), Source: Global Europe 2050





Can innovation change the course ?





... THE PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING

- o synonymous with "hope"
- "dangerous" (Flaubert)
- the common misunderstandings

... THE OECD DEFINITION ...

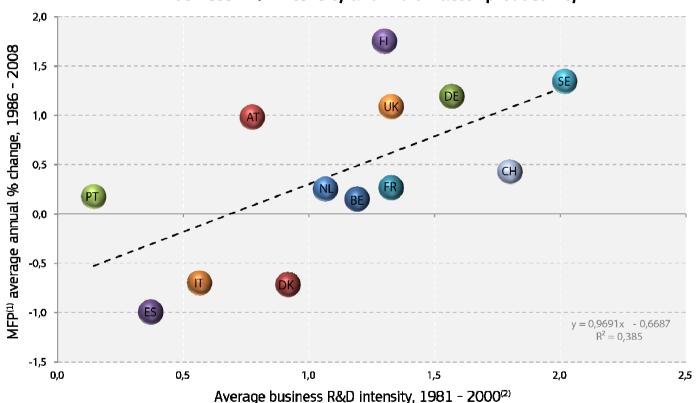
new/significantly improved product or process

... THE ACTORS

- o companies
- public sector (incl. academia)
- o "third sector"
- o the "crowd"



Innovation and competitiveness



Business R&D intensity and multi-factor productivity

Source: DG Research and Innovation – Economic Analysis unit

Data: (1) Multi-factor productivity (OECD): Dan Andrews & Chiara Criscuolo, 2013.

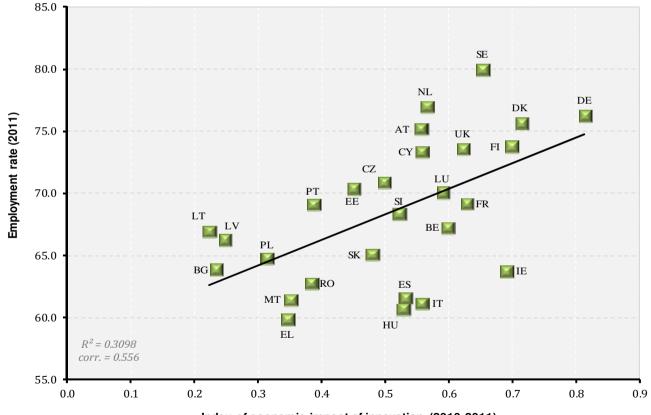
"Knowledge-Based Capital, Innovation and Resource Allocation",

OECD Economics Department Workinh Paper 1046, OECD Publishing





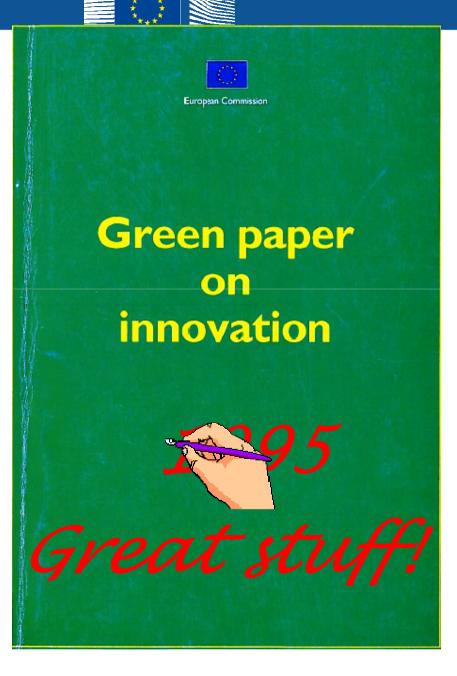
Innovation and jobs



Index of economic impact of innovation (2010-2011)

Source: DG Research and Innovation - Economic Analysis unit (2013) Data: Eurostat, Innovation Union Scoreboard 2013

EU Innovation policy – the start





EU innovation policy – the development

First generation: linear concept

focus on TT, academia-business links

2nd generation: innovation systems

focus on networks, clusters <u>Third generation</u>:**mainstreaming**

e.g. environment, cohesion policies 2010: **Innovation Union** Scott D. Anthony

1) Lone inventor

2) Corporate labs

3) Rebels/start- ups

4) Corporate catalysts



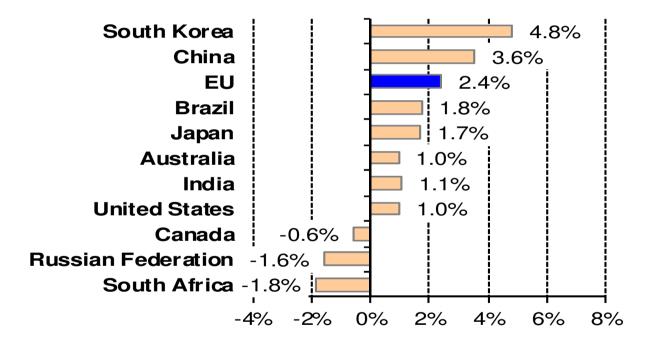


NON2

Research and Innovation



Innovation performance - international

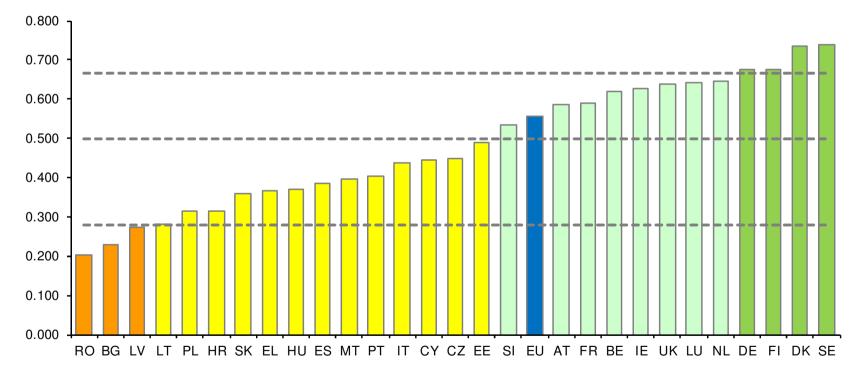


Average annual growth rates in Summary Innovation Index 2007-14





Innovation performance - EU



■ MODEST INNOVATORS ■ MODERATE INNOVATORS ■ INNOVATION FOLLOWERS ■ INNOVATION LEADERS





Innovation Union: achievements

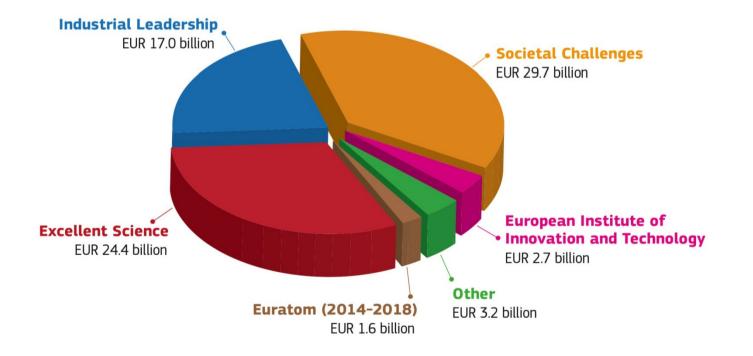
- Innovation at the top of Europe's political and economic agenda
- Broad concept of innovation / Mainstreaming
- Integral part of European Semester
- Internal market for innovation:
 - The unitary patent
 - Venture capital passport
 - Innovation friendly state aid framework
 - EU public procurement
- Horizon 2020: single research and innovation framework programme (e.g. including prizes, innovation procurement, etc.)
- Innovation partnerships (EIPs)





Research and Innovation Programme

HORIZON 2020 BUDGET (in current prices)







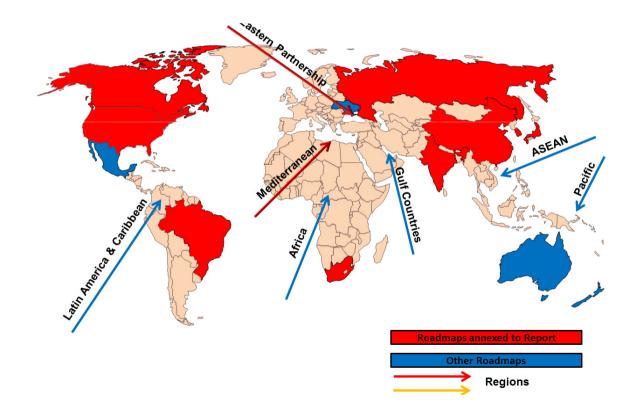
Horizon 2020 approach to innovation

- > All forms of innovation: design, business models, social, public
- Increased support to activities closer to users and markets:
 - □ Piloting, demonstration, prototyping
 - □ Support to innovation "market demand":
 - ✓ standards
 - ✓ public procurement
 - ✓ inducement prizes
 - ✓ bottom-up activities (more flexible call for proposals)
 - A new SME instrument (on "Leadership in enabling and industrial technologies" e "Societal challenges")
 - More extensive use of **financial instruments** with leverage effect
 - □ Support through **EIT / KICs**





Horizon and International cooperation (1)







Horizon and International cooperation (2)

General opening

Horizon 2020 is fully open to participation of entities from across the world

> Targeted activities

- In a number of topics inclusion of international partners may be
 - Encouraged
 - Required

Coordinated calls

- Used for specific actions, e.g. identified through Joint S&T Coordination Committees
 - Paired calls, linked evaluations, two contracts
- Specific activities for policy support
 - Part of Societal Challenge "Inclusive, Innovative and Reflective Societies"





Next generation – policy: Opening up to an ERA of innovation

- Education: from STEM to STEAM
- Spaces: from (corporate) garage to Fablabs
- Scaling: from (super) angels to crowd

Governments: from fixing failures to creating markets

